
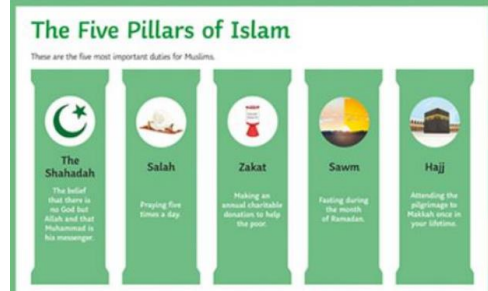


Big Q - How do Muslims keep the 5 Pillars of Islam?

Key vocabulary	Explanation/ definition	Key Knowledge
Shahadah	The Muslim profession of faith.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The five pillars of Islam provide a structure of Islamic daily spiritual life. Muslims must believe in the 5 pillars and act on them. 1 – Shahadah is their declaration of faith. “There is no God except Allah, Mohammad is the Prophet of Allah”. The words “Peace be upon him” or “PBUH” is said or written after every mention of Muhammad or any of the Islamic prophets out of respect and reverence. 2 – Prayer. 3. Zakah is the way in which Muslims help and care for the worldwide Muslim community. 4 – Fasting helps Muslims appreciate how poor people suffer. It helps to build discipline into the life of a Muslim. 5 – Every Muslim must make the pilgrimage to Makkah and the ‘Hajj’ once in their lifetime.
Salat/Salah	Ritual prayer performed 5 times daily.	
Zakat	Payment/Money used for charitable and religious purposes.	
Ramadan	The month of fasting from sunrise to sunset.	
Eid-ul-Fitr	Festival that marks the end of the fast of Ramadan.	
Hajj	Pilgrimage to Makkah which every Muslim must do once during their lifetime.	
Makkah	The Holiest of Muslim cities. The birthplace of the Prophet Mohammad and the faith itself.	
Kaa’ba	A small stone building at the Great Mosque at Makkah. The building contains the black stone of Makkah. 	

Curriculum progression

PREVIOUSLY... Children will have learned about why, where and how Muslims pray. In year 3 they would have learned about the celebration of Eid-ul Fitr and its importance for Muslims.

By the end of this unit, pupils are expected to be able to:

- Know the 5 pillars of Islam and their impact on the lives of Muslims.