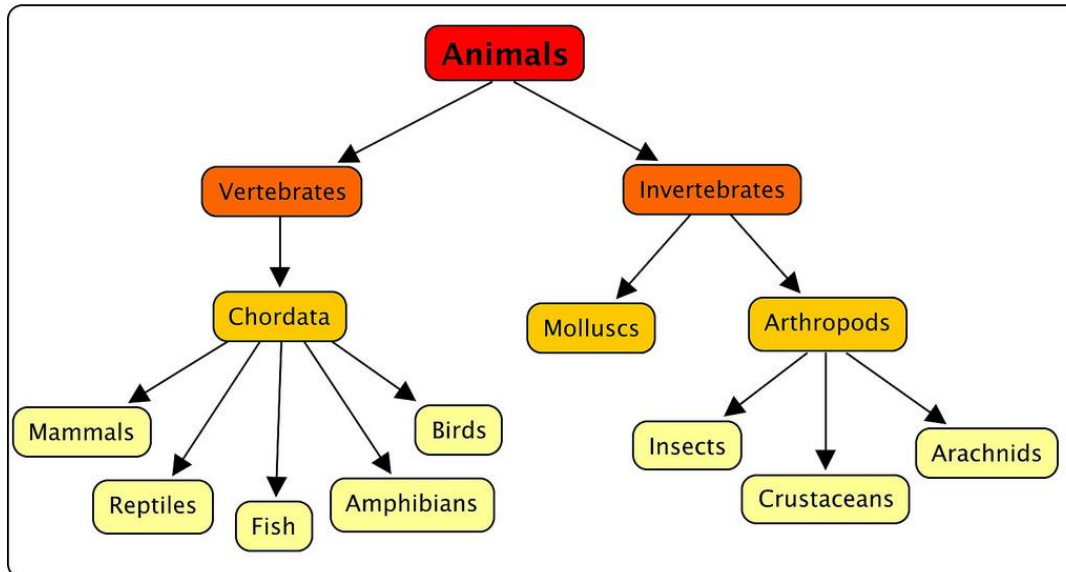


Parts of a flower

Classification



Key Vocabulary

Amphibian – A cold-blooded vertebrate animal that comprises of frogs, toads, newts, salamanders and caecilians.

Asexual reproduction – Offspring get genes from one parent so are clones of their parents.

Bird – A warm-blooded egg-laying vertebrate animal distinguished by the possession of feathers, wings, a beak and typically able to fly.

Habitat – The natural home or environment of an animal, plant or other organism.

Insect – A small animal that has six legs and generally one or two pairs of wings.

Invertebrate – An animal lacking a backbone.

Life cycle – The series of changes in the life of an organism including reproduction.

Mammal – A warm-blooded vertebrate animal, distinguishable by the possession of hair or fur, females secreting milk for young and typically giving birth to live young.

Metamorphosis – The process of transformation from an immature form to an adult form in two or more distinct stages.

Vertebrate – An animal with possession of a backbone/ spinal column.